

A review

of the article: The syntax of Kazakh-Russian intrasentential code-switching in reported clauses
by author(s): Timur Akishev

Reviewed by: Tatyana E. Vodovatova, Doctor of Philology, Professor

Affiliation: Samara University of Public Administration "International Market Institute", Samara, Russia

Assessment of selected essential parameters of the article:

1.	Does the title of the article correspond to its content?	corresponds / does not correspond
2.	Compliance of article format with formal requirements (abstract, keywords, length, references).	complies / does not comply
3.	Keyword selection	corresponds / does not correspond
4.	Does the abstract correspond to the article content?	corresponds / does not correspond
5.	Relevance	high / sufficient / insufficient
6.	Originality	high / sufficient / insufficient
7.	Logic and correlation of sections	high / sufficient / insufficient
8.	Findings and conclusions	sufficient / insufficient
9.	Quality of expression (language, style)	high / sufficient / insufficient
10.	Quantity of language examples or evidentiary support	high / sufficient / insufficient
11.	Theoretical relevance (if applicable)	high / sufficient / insufficient
12.	Correspondence of the References to the content	corresponds / does not correspond

Comments and recommendations of the reviewer:

The paper raised some questions that are clarifying and in no way diminish the validity and credibility of the study.

1) The source of the examples is not mentioned in the article. Are they the result of observations of real bilingual communication or are they taken from written sources? What is the total number of examples collected? Answers to these questions would make it possible to clarify the degree of dissemination and normality of the phenomenon being studied in modern communication.

2) The paper does not mention the consequences of the interaction of different language codes within a single statement other than word order. Thus, the example (11) shows that in the appendage part of the sentence in the Kazakh language the verb is in the form of an infinitive, which does not correspond to

the Russian version of the statement. Consideration of these features of "switching codes" would create a more complete picture of the phenomenon under study.

3) In your opinion, to what extent is the specific order of words in the Kazakh phrase presented in the article and created as a result of the code switching, related to the agglutinative nature of the Kazakh morphology? Or does the interaction of different language systems play a decisive role in changing the word order?

The questions were discussed with the author, detailed explanations were received, and the article was finalized accordingly.

Recommendation:

for unconditional publication / for publication with discussion notes /
for publication after revision / for unconditional refusal of publication.

Signature of the reviewer



Date: March 12, 2020